DOE/HRE-ID - 205 DOE READING ROOM

## DOCUMENT TO BE RELEASED

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	Idaho Operations Public Reading R 1776 Science Center Dr. University Idaho Falls, ID 83403		May 15, 1995
3.	Document Type:		
٦.		<b>T01</b>	
	[ ] Memorandum	-	Chief, HP Branch
	[ ] Report [ ] Publication	Subject: COMMENTS C	zer, MIC, USWBRS ON "SPERT I LOW-
	[ ] Other (Specify)	DESTRUCTIV	OXIDE CORE E TEST PROGRAM LYSIS REPORT",
	b.	If report: Title:	
4.		If publication: Name: Volume:	
	Oct. 3, 1963	Issue:	
5.	Summary (2-3 lines indicating the	major subject(s) of the docum	ant): Islitzer noted
	problems with predicted dose calcuthem.		
6.	problems with predicted dose calcu		

#### HUMAN RADIATION EXPERIMENTS

#### RECORDS PROVENANCE FORM

REPOSITORY NAME	INEL
COLLECTION NAME	SPECIAL POWER EXCURSION REACTOR TEST (SPERT)
BOX NUMBER	INEL BOX NO. 22305  FRC AGENCY BOX NO. 30  FRC NO. 150673  ACCESSION NO. 430 78 0073
ADDITIONAL LOCATION INFORMATION	THE BOX IS STORED AT THE FEDERAL RECORDS  CENTER (FRC) IN SEATTLE, WA.  INEL RECORD STORAGE RECEIPT NUMBER IS  2506
	FOLDER: SPERT 1963
FILE TITLE	COMMENTS ON "SPERT I LOW-ENRICHMENT OXIDE CORE DESTRUCTIVE TEST PROGRAM SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT", (IDO-16906)
TOTAL PAGES	
BATE NUMBER RANGE	
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HEI FORM DOCUMENT NO.: T070038

DOCUMENT NO.: T070331

DOCUMENT TITLE: COMMENTS ON "SPERT I LOW-ENRICHMENT OXIDE CORE DESTRUCTIVE TEST PROGRAM SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT", (IDO-16906)

CROSS REFERENCES: ITEMS OF INTEREST:

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

# Office Memorandum . United states government

TO: W. P. Gammill, Chief

Gammill, Chief
DATE: October 3, 1963

Health Physics Branch

FROM: No

Norman F. Islitzer, MIC

U. S. Weather Bureau Research Station

SUBJECT:

Comments on SPERT I Low-Enrichment Oxide Core Destructive Test

Program Safety Analysis Report", (IDO-16906)

SYMBOL:

NFI:LGT

A review of the hazards evaluation for a 1.8 millisecond core destruct test in the above mentioned document indicates that the hazards calculations were rather incomplete. Inhalation dose calculations were not made and the methods of whole body dose calculations from a passing cloud and the meteorological parameters used in the calculations were not given. The assumed conditions of the fission product release, namely 250 megawatt second excursion energy and a 50% release of Halogens, 1% release of solids, and 100% release of noble gases for a total of 16% of the fission product inventory appear reasonable. With these release assumptions we have made the following estimates of doses:

### Doses for Strong Lapse Conditions

Distance	Whole Body Dose From Passing Cloud (mrem)	Inhalation Dose (mrem)	
<u>Distance</u>	rassing cloud (mrem)	(Int Cit)	
l mile	40	34	
CPP (3 miles)	3 <b>.</b> 7	- 5	
NRF (7 miles)	.12	1	
EBR II (ll miles)	.03	0.5	

The off-site ingestion dose towards the northeast boundary of the NRTS is estimated to be less than 30 mr. The whole body dose calculations given above are similar to the ones given in figure 14, page 27 of the report. It appears that the dose levels at other inhabited areas in case of a wind shift off the grid during lapse conditions should not be a serious problem.

Calculations made for the inversion conditions in the report do not appear to be correct, that is, they seem to be low. However, a critical review for inversion conditions has not been made by this office since operational controls can be exercised so that this atmospheric condition will not be credible during the test.

REPOSITORY	INEL	-	
	SPERT 5 FRC #430	780073	
BOX No. Fil	o: SPERT-196	3 Low	*
FOLDER Em	ichment oxid	O core Destrus	two Test

Norman F. Islitzer Meteorologist in Charge

cc: Don Pack, EMRP

will not intercept an inhabited area.